

Discriminative Properties of Hippocampal Hypoperfusion in Marijuana Users Compared to Healthy Controls: Implications for Marijuana Administration in Alzheimer's Dementia

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Abstract.

Background: Few studies have evaluated the impact of marijuana use on regional cerebral blood flow.

Objective: To determine whether perfusion in specific brain regions on functional neuroimaging, including those affected by Alzheimer's disease pathology, are abnormal in marijuana users compared to controls.

Method: Persons with a diagnosis of cannabis use disorder by DSM-IV and DSM-V criteria ($n=982$) were compared to controls ($n=92$) with perfusion neuroimaging with SPECT at rest and at a concentration task. Perfusion estimates were quantified using a standard atlas. Cerebral perfusion differences were calculated using one-way ANOVA. Diagnostic separation was determined with discriminant analysis of all subjects. Feature selection with a minimum redundancy maximum relevancy (mRMR) identified predictive regions in a subset of marijuana users ($n=436$) with reduced psychiatric co-morbidities.

Results: Marijuana users showed lower cerebral perfusion on average ($p<0.05$). Discriminant analysis distinguished marijuana users from controls with correct classification of 96% and leave one out cross-validation of 92%. With concentration SPECT regions, there was correct classification of 95% with a leave-one-out cross validation of 90%. AUC analysis for concentration SPECT regions showed 95% accuracy, 90% sensitivity, and 83% specificity. The mRMR analysis showed right hippocampal hypoperfusion on concentration SPECT imaging was the most predictive in separating marijuana subjects from controls.

Conclusion: Multiple brain regions show low perfusion on SPECT in marijuana users. The most predictive region distinguishing marijuana users from healthy controls, the hippocampus, is a key target of Alzheimer's disease pathology. This study raises the possibility of deleterious brain effects of marijuana use.

Keywords: Hippocampus, imaging, marijuana, SPECT

INTRODUCTION

Reported rates of marijuana use have more than doubled in the past decade [1]. Medical marijuana is now legal in nearly half of US states [2], increasing

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34 access to the drug for current and potential future
35 users. As marijuana is often portrayed as a harmless
36 drug in popular culture, a conception that marijuana
37 is a benign substance with therapeutic value for some
38 diseases is commonplace [3]. Concurrently, 10 of the
39 24 US states that have legalized marijuana include
40 Alzheimer's dementia (AD) as a valid indication for
41 its medical use [4]. This therapeutic application of
42 marijuana exists despite lack of conclusive evidence
43 regarding benefit of this drug in a variety of disorders
44 including AD [5, 6]. Understanding the relevance
45 of marijuana use for AD necessitates investigation
46 of its effects on the human brain compared to non-
47 marijuana users. Currently, few studies have been
48 published analyzing the impact that marijuana use
49 has on the human brain.

50 The available literature assessing the impact of
51 marijuana use on the brain has predominantly shown
52 depressive effects on neurophysiology [7, 8]. A recent
53 study using positron emission tomography (PET)
54 imaging demonstrated decreased dopamine release
55 in the striatum, a region of the brain that is involved
56 in working memory, impulsive behavior, and atten-
57 tion [9]. These results show that heavy marijuana use
58 has an effect on dopamine release similar to hard
59 drugs, such as heroin and cocaine. Another study
60 using diffusion tensor imaging showed damage to the
61 corpus callosum, a white matter tract responsible for
62 connecting the left and right hemispheres, in 59 indi-
63 viduals who smoke high-potency cannabis [10]. A
64 third study using structural magnetic resonance imag-
65 ing (MRI) demonstrated a decrease in orbitofrontal
66 cortex volume in chronic marijuana users [11].

67 While a recent study suggested that marijuana can
68 reduce amyloid- β -related inflammation by activation
69 of cannabinoid receptors [12], other imaging studies
70 have suggested structural damage in areas vulner-
71 able to AD pathology. Several studies in chronic
72 cannabis users showed decreased hippocampal vol-
73 umes related to the amount of cannabis used [13–15].
74 Most striking is that these structural changes are
75 shown to be long lasting as the volume reductions
76 seen with heavy use persisted after six months of
77 abstinence.

78 There is lack of functional brain imaging data in
79 large cohorts of persons with history of marijuana use.
80 Such information is important given the improved
81 sensitivity of functional imaging to physiological
82 alterations. The purpose of this study is to further
83 investigate specific regions of the brain that are neu-
84 rophysiologically impaired in marijuana users com-
85 pared to non-users. We hypothesize that marijuana

86 users will exhibit hypoperfusion compared to con-
87 trols on brain SPECT, including areas known to be
88 affected by AD pathology such as the hippocampus.

89 METHODS

90 *Study participants*

91 This study was conducted in accordance
92 with the STARD guidelines (<http://www.stard-statement.org/>). All subjects were obtained for
93 retrospective analysis from a large multisite psy-
94 chiatric database, involving 26,268 patients who
95 came for evaluation of complex, treatment resistant
96 issues to one of nine outpatient clinics (Newport
97 Beach, Costa Mesa, Fairfield, and Brisbane, CA;
98 Tacoma and Bellevue, WA; Reston, VA; Atlanta,
99 GA; and New York, NY) between 1995–2014.
100 Diagnoses were made by board certified or eligible
101 psychiatrists, using all of the data available to them,
102 including detailed clinical history, mental status
103 examination, and DSM-IV or V criteria, consistent
104 with the current standard of care. Anonymized data
105 was extracted from a research database using a
106 data mining technique within a protocol deemed
107 appropriate by an independent IRB IntegReview
108 (<http://www.integreview.com/>) to be exempt from
109 human subjects review in accordance with 45 CFR
110 46.101(b)(4) (IRB #004).
111

112 Included in the database were healthy adult vol-
113 unteers who had single-photon emission computed
114 tomography (SPECT) studies. The exclusion cri-
115 teria for the healthy subjects were: 1) current or
116 past evidence of psychiatric illnesses as determined
117 by clinical history, mental status examinations, and
118 the Structured Clinical Interview for Diagnosis for
119 DSM-IV; 2) current reported medical illnesses or
120 medication; 3) history of brain trauma; 4) current
121 or past drug or alcohol abuse; 5) first degree rel-
122 ative with a psychiatric illness. Written informed
123 consent was obtained from all healthy subjects under
124 an approved IRB protocol (WIRB # 20021714). A
125 subset of 982 (ages 18–84, males 83%) patients with
126 a diagnosis of cannabis use disorder by DSM-IV and
127 DSM-V criteria were identified and compared to a
128 healthy control population ($n=92$, age 18–84, 42%
129 male) with perfusion neuroimaging with SPECT. The
130 most common comorbidities in in the cannabis use
131 group were i) attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder
132 (62%); ii) traumatic brain injury (TBI) (47%); iii) and
133 major depressive disorder (35%).

SPECT neuroimaging acquisition

All subjects received functional perfusion neuroimaging with SPECT as described in previous studies [16, 17]. Briefly, brain SPECT scans were performed using a high resolution Picker (Philips) Prism XP 3000 triple-headed gamma camera (Picker Int. Inc., Ohio Nuclear Medicine Division, Bedford Hills, OH, USA) with low energy high-resolution fan beam collimators. Each participant received an age and weight appropriate dose of technetium-99m hexamethylpropyleneamine (HMPAO). For rest scans, the injection was done intravenously in a quiet room with low level ambient lighting while awake with eyes open. Brain SPECT scanning was then done 30 minutes after injection. For concentration scans, patients were injected three minutes after starting the Conners Continuous Performance Test (Conners Continuous Performance Test, CCPT-II, Multi-Health Systems, Toronto, Ontario). SPECT scanning was subsequently done 30 minutes after injection.

Data was acquired in 128×128 matrices, resulting in 120 images per scan with each image separated by three degrees spanning 360 degrees. The original image matrix obtained at $128 \times 128 \times 29$ with voxel sizes of $2.16 \text{ mm} \times 2.16 \text{ mm} \times 6.48 \text{ mm}$ were transformed and resliced to a $79 \times 95 \times 68$ matrix with voxel sizes of $2 \text{ mm} \times 2 \text{ mm} \times 2 \text{ mm}$ consistent with the Montreal Neurological Institute template [18]. Images were smoothed using an 8 mm FWHM isotropic Gaussian kernel with slice thickness of 6 mm. A low pass filter was applied with a high cutoff. Chang attenuation correction was performed [19]. The total number of counts in a given brain SPECT study was 10 million. Transaxial slices oriented horizontal to the AC-PC line were created along with coronal and sagittal images at 6.6 mm apart, unsmoothed.

Perfusion quantification

Regional cerebral blood flow was quantified in all 256 regions (128 baseline, 128 concentration) using a standard neuroanatomical atlas, the AAL atlas [20], as previously described [16, 17]. To summarize, counts in each region of interest were quantified using trimmed means. Trimmed means were calculated using all scores in a 98% confidence interval ($-2.58 < Z < 2.58$). Perfusion for each region was then estimated with the trimmed mean using the following formula:

$$T = 10 * ((\text{subject ROI_mean} - \text{trimmed regional_avg}) / \text{trimmed regional_stdev}) + 50.$$

Predictive data analytics

All statistical analyses were performed in Statistical Package for Social Science (SPSS, version 22, IBM, Armonk, NY) and were controlled for age, gender, and race. To identify specific brain regions that may be predictive in distinguishing marijuana users from controls, a one-way ANOVA was conducted to such areas from the AAL atlas [20] of computed perfusion values [21]. Multiple pairwise comparisons were accounted for with a false discovery rate [22]. We hypothesized that regional cerebral hypoperfusion, including in areas known to be affected by AD such as the hippocampus, would reliably classify marijuana users. For the hippocampus specifically, Cohen's D effect size calculations were rendered based on mean differences and standard deviations [23].

Hypoperfused brain areas in the marijuana group were then used to classify this group from controls with discriminant analysis using a leave-one-out cross validation [24]. For this step, baseline perfusion measures were inputted into the discriminant analysis followed by a separate analysis with concentration SPECT regions. This was followed by extraction of predicted probabilities from this model. These probabilities were then used to determine diagnostic sensitivity, specificity, and accuracy with receiver operating characteristic (ROC) and area under the curve (AUC) analyses.

Feature selection using a reduced co-morbidity analysis

Because almost half of the original sample had persons with TBI, we reduced co-morbidity burden by excluding these subjects in this analysis as TBI could potentially mimic hypoperfusion seen in our marijuana subjects. This resulted in 436 marijuana users compared to 92 controls. A different machine learning algorithm, support vector machine (SVM) was applied [25]. As part of this analysis an over-sampling method was applied, $k=0.5$. A minimum redundancy maximum relevancy (mRmR) method was then applied to identify the top 10 most predictive SPECT regions (baseline or concentration) [26]. All 256 ROIs, 128 baseline and 128 concentration, were inputted as variables into the SVM mRMR analysis.

RESULTS

All regions with lower perfusion on both baseline and concentration SPECT scans are listed in Table 1. Of the 256 regions assessed, the majority was statistically significant in showing lower perfusion among marijuana users compared to controls ($p < 0.05$). Hypoperfused regions in marijuana users compared to controls include areas known to be targeted by AD pathology including: i) hippocampus; ii) parahippocampal gyrus; iii) precuneus; iv) posterior cingulate; and v) medial temporal lobes.

The discriminant analysis of 982 marijuana users from 92 controls using baseline SPECT regions yielded a correct classification rate of 96% with the leave-one-out cross validation at 92%. The corresponding accuracy of the linear discriminant probabilities in identifying marijuana users from controls was 95% based upon AUC analysis with 90% sensitivity and 85% specificity. When using concentration SPECT regions in the discriminant analysis, the results were similar with a correct classification of 95% with a leave-one-out cross validation of 90%. The AUC analysis for concentration SPECT regions from the discriminant analysis was also similar to the baseline regions with 95% accuracy, 90% sensitivity, and 83% specificity.

The top 10 predictive regions from the 256 ROIs (128 baseline and 128 concentration) inputted into the subgroup SVM mRMR analysis are listed in Table 2. Notably, the right hippocampus on concentration SPECT scan is the most predictive region in distinguishing marijuana users from controls. Hippocampal perfusion in marijuana users is 13% lower on concentration scans compared to controls ($F = 81.8$ for left hippocampus, $p < 0.001$; $F = 99.4$ for right hippocampus, $p < 0.001$) with a large effect size (Cohen's $D = 0.99$ for left and 1.03 for right). Baseline hippocampal perfusion was reduced by about 17% in marijuana users compared to controls ($F = 114.3$, $p < 0.001$ for left hippocampus; $F = 123.9$, $p < 0.001$ for right hippocampus). The results also had large effect size (Cohen's $D = 1.1$ for left hippocampus and 1.2 for right hippocampus).

DISCUSSION

Regional, specifically hippocampal, hypoperfusion in marijuana users reliably distinguishes this group from healthy controls. The right hippocampus during concentration task was the single most pre-

dictive region in distinguishing marijuana users from their normal counterparts. This finding is important given a prior multi-modal study showing 3% reduced hippocampal volume in cannabis users compared to non-users and increased N-acetylaspartate on magnetic resonance spectroscopy [27]. Another study of 15 chronic cannabis users utilized functional MRI (fMRI) to reveal impaired activation during learning tasks compared to non-users [28]. Individuals who use both marijuana and nicotine also have lower hippocampal volumes and lower immediate/delayed story recall compared to non-users [29]. Additionally, cannabis use is thought to interfere with memory formation by inhibiting long-term potentiation [30].

While the hippocampus is the most predictive region in our study, it is also seen as abnormal in marijuana users based on the literature. Other brain areas are affected as well. A recent systematic review concluded that structural and functional defects in the cerebellum are a common feature in neuroimaging studies of cannabis users [31]. This is also seen with our work given that three of the ten most predictive regions in our results were cerebellar sub-regions. These findings are consistent with descriptions in the literature of coordination deficits in marijuana users [32].

Pallidum hypoperfusion found in our study is corroborated by subcortical white matter abnormalities seen on diffusion tensor imaging data of marijuana users in the Human Connectome Project [33]. An fMRI study also showed attenuation of frontal-subcortical circuits in heavy cannabis users as well as reduced performance on motivation driven tasks [34]. The anterior temporal lobe hypoperfusion detected in our study is also consistent with prior fMRI data showing temporal lobe deactivation as a function of negative emotionality in marijuana users [35].

Several studies of perfusion imaging in marijuana users have shown similar results compared to ours. A small O15 PET study in a sample of 12 marijuana users used a randomized clinical trial design to examine brain perfusion before and after marijuana. The study results found frontal, temporal, and occipital lobe hypoperfusion—all findings concordant with our study [36]. That same study showed increased perfusion in several regions, such as the cerebellum, that we did not observe in our larger sample. Another comparatively recent paper from the same group showed marijuana users recruited the cerebellum in a monetary decision task on O15 PET imaging. [37]. However, a recent study showed reduced FDG-PET glucose metabolism in marijuana users in the

Table 1
Perfusion differences between marijuana users and controls

| Brain region | Mean Perfusion in Marijuana | Standard Deviation in Marijuana | Mean Perfusion in Control | Standard Deviation in Control | % Difference | F-value | p-value |
|--|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|---------|---------|
| T_Baseline_Amygdala_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 49.36669 | 6.112331 | 57.29246 | 8.238188 | 14.86 | 99.274 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Amygdala_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 48.85348 | 5.977822 | 57.42231 | 9.069583 | 16.13 | 110.564 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Angular_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 47.37826 | 4.951218 | 50.91824 | 6.989043 | 7.20 | 29.153 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Angular_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 43.58048 | 4.734176 | 44.91513 | 5.942004 | 3.02 | 4.931 | 0.027 |
| T_Baseline_Calcarine_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 51.37545 | 5.031012 | 55.36625 | 7.265667 | 7.48 | 35.251 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Calcarine_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 52.24926 | 5.68438 | 59.30704 | 8.926656 | 12.65 | 80.537 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Caudate_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 48.6602 | 6.320132 | 56.1587 | 8.644014 | 14.31 | 82.221 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Caudate_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 50.18716 | 6.287653 | 58.3214 | 8.68691 | 14.99 | 97.022 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Cerebellum_10_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 38.04574 | 6.141007 | 42.20295 | 7.62846 | 10.36 | 28.626 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Cerebellum_10_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 35.52064 | 6.571395 | 38.54453 | 7.514499 | 8.17 | 13.922 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Cerebellum_3_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 50.82809 | 6.559175 | 57.59797 | 9.629127 | 12.49 | 58.901 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Cerebellum_3_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 49.70841 | 5.863644 | 55.79712 | 8.896435 | 11.54 | 58.019 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Cerebellum_4_5_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 53.44867 | 6.43342 | 61.13994 | 10.039613 | 13.42 | 75.079 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Cerebellum_4_5_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 54.35946 | 6.34349 | 61.56507 | 10.188184 | 12.43 | 66.079 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Cerebellum_6_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 59.83567 | 7.119795 | 68.57752 | 10.552287 | 13.62 | 82.71 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Cerebellum_6_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 58.48637 | 6.969697 | 66.94536 | 10.032157 | 13.49 | 82.738 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Cerebellum_7b_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 39.17156 | 5.90116 | 36.70368 | 5.617071 | 6.51 | 12.631 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Cerebellum_7b_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 32.02763 | 5.779296 | 29.56377 | 5.701352 | 8.00 | 12.913 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Cerebellum_8_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 43.72935 | 5.969232 | 42.28828 | 6.704199 | 3.35 | 3.872 | 0.050 |
| T_Baseline_Cerebellum_8_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 40.12962 | 5.640795 | 38.43994 | 6.696728 | 4.30 | 5.768 | 0.017 |
| T_Baseline_Cerebellum_9_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 48.57332 | 6.515605 | 49.83271 | 8.459127 | 2.56 | 2.265 | 0.133 |
| T_Baseline_Cerebellum_9_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 48.64528 | 6.22475 | 50.04012 | 8.332316 | 2.83 | 2.979 | 0.085 |
| T_Baseline_Cerebellum_Crus1_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 50.40691 | 5.784134 | 50.9665 | 6.726173 | 1.10 | 0.609 | 0.436 |
| T_Baseline_Cerebellum_Crus1_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 44.64358 | 5.148788 | 44.38834 | 6.394592 | 0.57 | 0.154 | 0.695 |
| T_Baseline_Cerebellum_Crus2_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 38.63843 | 6.43554 | 35.20117 | 6.033216 | 9.31 | 20.74 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Cerebellum_Crus2_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 33.67005 | 5.296017 | 30.96151 | 5.098662 | 8.38 | 18.794 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Cingulum_Ant_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 53.75003 | 7.296637 | 63.26544 | 10.094512 | 16.26 | 98.488 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Cingulum_Ant_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 49.99914 | 6.700864 | 58.60406 | 9.601516 | 15.85 | 92.957 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Cingulum_Mid_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 55.45845 | 6.693783 | 63.47313 | 9.412818 | 13.48 | 82.001 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Cingulum_Mid_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 53.34425 | 6.490052 | 61.04861 | 9.204779 | 13.47 | 80.075 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Cingulum_Post_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 53.22738 | 6.927181 | 62.73646 | 10.905316 | 16.40 | 98.231 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Cingulum_Post_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 48.47364 | 6.624928 | 57.56844 | 10.89309 | 17.15 | 94.48 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Cuneus_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 49.42842 | 5.587541 | 52.70578 | 6.743228 | 6.42 | 21.893 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Cuneus_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 49.52857 | 5.564847 | 53.71048 | 6.872707 | 8.10 | 35.41 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Frontal_Inf_Oper_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 51.67557 | 6.082221 | 57.75121 | 8.08497 | 11.10 | 59.506 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Frontal_Inf_Oper_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 50.22173 | 5.409387 | 54.63944 | 7.332006 | 8.43 | 39.217 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Frontal_Inf_Orb_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 48.65905 | 5.127709 | 50.54043 | 7.041872 | 3.79 | 7.839 | 0.005 |
| T_Baseline_Frontal_Inf_Orb_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 45.7083 | 4.767966 | 46.36443 | 6.257069 | 1.43 | 1.14 | 0.286 |
| T_Baseline_Frontal_Inf_Tri_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 50.65315 | 5.57055 | 55.43904 | 7.227324 | 9.02 | 44.776 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Frontal_Inf_Tri_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 46.87252 | 4.738548 | 49.38903 | 6.429275 | 5.23 | 16.571 | 0.000 |

(Continued)

Table 1
(Continued)

| Brain region | Mean Perfusion in Marijuana | Standard Deviation in Marijuana | Mean Perfusion in Control | Standard Deviation in Control | % Difference | F-value | p-value |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|---------|---------|
| T_Baseline_Frontal_Mid_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 47.67076 | 5.069064 | 50.20287 | 6.247762 | 5.17 | 15.666 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Frontal_Mid_Orb_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 54.52962 | 6.17766 | 58.49839 | 7.617183 | 7.02 | 25.906 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Frontal_Mid_Orb_L_9 Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 46.73683 | 5.237633 | 46.44804 | 7.755249 | 0.62 | 0.167 | 0.683 |
| T_Baseline_Frontal_Mid_Orb_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 52.1573 | 6.151681 | 58.01965 | 7.492432 | 10.64 | 57.455 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Frontal_Mid_Orb_R_10 Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 43.69696 | 5.656589 | 41.59493 | 7.651218 | 4.93 | 8.132 | 0.005 |
| T_Baseline_Frontal_Mid_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 45.83314 | 4.777828 | 47.38821 | 6.043344 | 3.34 | 6.539 | 0.011 |
| T_Baseline_Frontal_Sup_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 43.90665 | 4.683009 | 45.38983 | 5.34503 | 3.32 | 6.602 | 0.011 |
| T_Baseline_Frontal_Sup_Medial_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 48.31012 | 5.3936 | 50.04348 | 6.025495 | 3.52 | 6.882 | 0.009 |
| T_Baseline_Frontal_Sup_Medial_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 46.32877 | 5.148241 | 47.83988 | 5.644116 | 3.21 | 5.801 | 0.016 |
| T_Baseline_Frontal_Sup_Orb_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 48.00895 | 5.111681 | 50.0328 | 7.299953 | 4.13 | 8.86 | 0.003 |
| T_Baseline_Frontal_Sup_Orb_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 46.29076 | 4.934679 | 47.10389 | 7.60869 | 1.74 | 1.441 | 0.231 |
| T_Baseline_Frontal_Sup_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 43.58097 | 4.658017 | 45.12307 | 5.543593 | 3.48 | 7.035 | 0.008 |
| T_Baseline_Fusiform_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 50.97234 | 5.70577 | 56.10421 | 7.274363 | 9.59 | 49.665 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Fusiform_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 49.98494 | 5.813409 | 54.92465 | 7.5297 | 9.42 | 43.85 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Heschl_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 56.03541 | 6.848499 | 64.11262 | 9.534253 | 13.45 | 80.176 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Heschl_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 56.71999 | 7.424798 | 65.60007 | 10.340104 | 14.52 | 82.426 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Hippocampus_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 48.71561 | 5.86743 | 57.04141 | 8.325666 | 15.75 | 114.371 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Hippocampus_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 48.47854 | 6.034483 | 57.54018 | 8.920905 | 17.09 | 123.973 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Insula_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 55.06146 | 6.744448 | 62.89178 | 9.25741 | 13.28 | 78.523 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Insula_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 56.02237 | 6.874326 | 63.91265 | 9.387912 | 13.16 | 77.036 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Lingual_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 54.26051 | 5.806964 | 60.97005 | 8.540389 | 11.65 | 73.706 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Lingual_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 53.1902 | 5.863219 | 60.24968 | 8.778842 | 12.45 | 78.872 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Occipital_Inf_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 44.905 | 5.349338 | 45.02268 | 6.337261 | 0.26 | 0.031 | 0.860 |
| T_Baseline_Occipital_Inf_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 38.40352 | 5.413964 | 36.57779 | 6.395581 | 4.87 | 7.333 | 0.007 |
| T_Baseline_Occipital_Mid_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 45.54728 | 4.825798 | 47.9709 | 6.702075 | 5.18 | 14.565 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Occipital_Mid_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 42.16994 | 5.018126 | 42.25995 | 5.940799 | 0.21 | 0.021 | 0.886 |
| T_Baseline_Occipital_Sup_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 43.5834 | 4.934667 | 45.32753 | 6.217575 | 3.92 | 7.73 | 0.006 |
| T_Baseline_Occipital_Sup_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 43.79968 | 5.026455 | 45.33971 | 5.742336 | 3.46 | 6.175 | 0.013 |
| T_Baseline_Olfactory_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 51.2907 | 6.099347 | 58.09372 | 8.611165 | 12.44 | 70.94 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Olfactory_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 52.25316 | 6.299174 | 58.93389 | 8.571795 | 12.02 | 65.947 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Pallidum_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 55.12202 | 7.400181 | 66.158 | 10.835831 | 18.20 | 123.224 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Pallidum_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 58.29287 | 8.219952 | 69.34062 | 11.659257 | 17.31 | 102.636 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Paracentral_Lobule_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 40.05218 | 4.933879 | 43.71877 | 6.394995 | 8.75 | 33.525 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Paracentral_Lobule_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 42.01043 | 4.838896 | 45.9294 | 6.819798 | 8.91 | 37.453 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_ParaHippocampal_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 45.47443 | 5.103483 | 50.25239 | 6.739881 | 9.98 | 52.513 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_ParaHippocampal_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 48.41976 | 5.584162 | 54.83919 | 7.59873 | 12.43 | 77.481 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Parietal_Inf_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 47.94481 | 5.250041 | 51.2983 | 7.205478 | 6.76 | 23.77 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Parietal_Inf_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 43.87391 | 5.378813 | 44.99445 | 6.641514 | 2.52 | 2.722 | 0.100 |
| T_Baseline_Parietal_Sup_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 38.8723 | 4.586032 | 39.66757 | 5.592882 | 2.03 | 1.901 | 0.169 |
| T_Baseline_Parietal_Sup_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 34.20693 | 4.205333 | 33.36296 | 4.796871 | 2.50 | 2.652 | 0.104 |
| T_Baseline_Postcentral_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 45.03062 | 4.807055 | 48.88852 | 6.56026 | 8.22 | 37.682 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Postcentral_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 41.94542 | 4.325556 | 44.32524 | 6.068668 | 5.52 | 17.344 | 0.000 |

| | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-------|---------|-------|
| T_Baseline_Precentral_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 45.93774 | 4.794493 | 50.12627 | 6.781166 | 8.72 | 43.46 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Precentral_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 43.38155 | 4.349247 | 46.18569 | 6.136912 | 6.26 | 23.715 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Precuneus_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 47.59377 | 5.348351 | 52.76986 | 7.4616 | 10.31 | 53.898 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Precuneus_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 49.10763 | 5.613133 | 55.56633 | 7.990696 | 12.34 | 75.014 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Putamen_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 59.04499 | 7.497782 | 68.98028 | 10.533365 | 15.52 | 100.508 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Putamen_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 59.5658 | 7.539293 | 68.8708 | 10.540324 | 14.49 | 87.517 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Rectus_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 52.06473 | 5.979088 | 55.3137 | 8.35761 | 6.05 | 16.967 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Rectus_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 51.21163 | 5.744114 | 55.01977 | 8.507161 | 7.17 | 24.128 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Rolandic_Oper_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 53.75129 | 6.42739 | 61.52823 | 9.360674 | 13.49 | 81.47 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Rolandic_Oper_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 52.20951 | 5.912713 | 59.06247 | 8.844382 | 12.32 | 73.144 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Supp_Motor_Area_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 45.2619 | 5.075356 | 49.13337 | 7.1917 | 8.20 | 33.086 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Supp_Motor_Area_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 45.25485 | 5.047343 | 49.49263 | 7.195655 | 8.95 | 39.896 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_SupraMarginal_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 50.57601 | 5.765638 | 55.99627 | 8.176482 | 10.17 | 50.223 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_SupraMarginal_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 47.49624 | 5.291321 | 50.50489 | 7.588427 | 6.14 | 18.212 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Temporal_Inf_Ant_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 40.57946 | 6.318665 | 38.0372 | 7.949163 | 6.47 | 10.028 | 0.002 |
| T_Baseline_Temporal_Inf_Ant_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 36.43539 | 6.252945 | 33.69082 | 6.592023 | 7.83 | 13.247 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Temporal_Inf_Mid_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 44.33335 | 5.453387 | 45.23614 | 6.617098 | 2.02 | 1.738 | 0.188 |
| T_Baseline_Temporal_Inf_Mid_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 40.68491 | 5.077737 | 40.74424 | 6.112053 | 0.15 | 0.009 | 0.926 |
| T_Baseline_Temporal_Inf_Post_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 46.56365 | 5.241818 | 47.38966 | 6.034286 | 1.76 | 1.626 | 0.203 |
| T_Baseline_Temporal_Inf_Post_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 42.7455 | 5.122274 | 43.04091 | 6.2777 | 0.69 | 0.21 | 0.647 |
| T_Baseline_Temporal_Mid_Ant_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 49.02475 | 5.428854 | 53.12528 | 7.10501 | 8.03 | 34.399 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Temporal_Mid_Ant_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 46.04345 | 4.885075 | 48.21686 | 6.839747 | 4.61 | 11.36 | 0.001 |
| T_Baseline_Temporal_Mid_Mid_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 50.32828 | 5.456443 | 56.02565 | 8.233319 | 10.71 | 58.936 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Temporal_Mid_Mid_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 47.9686 | 5.127137 | 52.06921 | 7.951018 | 8.20 | 33.784 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Temporal_Mid_Post_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 50.53501 | 5.329212 | 56.33076 | 8.291416 | 10.85 | 62.292 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Temporal_Mid_Post_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 47.4043 | 5.125735 | 50.70885 | 7.457654 | 6.74 | 23.147 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Temporal_Pole_Mid_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 38.24755 | 5.566983 | 36.96262 | 6.195669 | 3.42 | 3.557 | 0.060 |
| T_Baseline_Temporal_Pole_Mid_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 36.74488 | 5.170814 | 34.6405 | 6.179352 | 5.90 | 10.604 | 0.001 |
| T_Baseline_Temporal_Pole_Sup_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 45.10772 | 4.912868 | 48.92297 | 6.586123 | 8.11 | 35.746 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Temporal_Pole_Sup_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 42.44217 | 4.239272 | 45.37709 | 6.121793 | 6.68 | 26.853 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Temporal_Sup_Ant_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 51.83505 | 6.05537 | 59.46422 | 9.149601 | 13.71 | 85.709 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Temporal_Sup_Ant_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 48.88878 | 5.082781 | 54.98425 | 8.769211 | 11.74 | 68.898 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Temporal_Sup_Mid_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 54.01341 | 6.272058 | 61.99548 | 9.45831 | 13.76 | 87.595 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Temporal_Sup_Mid_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 51.34185 | 5.57549 | 58.40573 | 9.059785 | 12.87 | 81.345 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Temporal_Sup_Post_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 52.22645 | 5.959719 | 59.27808 | 9.03064 | 12.65 | 75.413 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Temporal_Sup_Post_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 49.91907 | 5.588307 | 55.49242 | 8.647302 | 10.57 | 52.633 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Thalamus_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 56.54178 | 7.086691 | 66.49646 | 10.550377 | 16.18 | 107.86 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Thalamus_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 55.39783 | 6.90068 | 65.2625 | 10.420778 | 16.35 | 110.394 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Vermis_1_2 Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 50.44692 | 7.100393 | 57.97086 | 10.96509 | 13.88 | 51.192 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Vermis_10 Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 55.75287 | 8.896319 | 67.93821 | 13.265072 | 19.70 | 101.343 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Vermis_3 Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 52.25786 | 7.408513 | 60.30548 | 10.9761 | 14.30 | 64.758 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Vermis_4_5 Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 57.08649 | 7.413429 | 65.81621 | 11.237542 | 14.21 | 74.67 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Vermis_6 Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 59.55606 | 7.318832 | 65.98924 | 9.525346 | 10.25 | 46.768 | 0.000 |
| T_Baseline_Vermis_7 Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 55.8715 | 7.881006 | 58.89977 | 9.647672 | 5.28 | 9.311 | 0.002 |
| T_Baseline_Vermis_8 Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 54.87529 | 7.184679 | 57.43593 | 8.707734 | 4.56 | 8.061 | 0.005 |

(Continued)

Table 1
(Continued)

| Brain region | Mean Perfusion in Marijuana | Standard Deviation in Marijuana | Mean Perfusion in Control | Standard Deviation in Control | % Difference | F-value | p-value |
|---|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|---------|---------|
| T_Baseline_Vermis.9 Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 61.31183 | 7.870997 | 68.99972 | 10.035826 | 11.80 | 58.567 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Amygdala.L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 49.85022 | 5.923547 | 55.83307 | 7.354009 | 11.32 | 78.774 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Amygdala.R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 49.47965 | 6.066876 | 55.86177 | 7.412376 | 12.12 | 86.493 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Angular.L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 47.73449 | 4.91787 | 49.75447 | 5.467583 | 4.14 | 14.092 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Angular.R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 43.9328 | 4.599118 | 44.52821 | 4.873009 | 1.35 | 1.444 | 0.230 |
| T_Concentration_Calcarine.L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 51.18401 | 5.064574 | 53.21756 | 6.005834 | 3.90 | 12.88 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Calcarine.R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 52.09606 | 5.750411 | 56.72385 | 6.450033 | 8.51 | 53.781 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Caudate.L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 49.07272 | 6.508982 | 54.19309 | 7.697805 | 9.92 | 49.535 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Caudate.R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 50.60784 | 6.326911 | 56.90474 | 6.936625 | 11.71 | 83.499 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Cerebellum_10.L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 38.36832 | 6.266902 | 41.42503 | 6.126199 | 7.66 | 21.36 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Cerebellum_10.R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 35.60025 | 6.374343 | 38.05099 | 6.79234 | 6.65 | 12.689 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Cerebellum_3.L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 51.47256 | 6.634569 | 55.83892 | 7.325716 | 8.14 | 36.343 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Cerebellum_3.R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 50.30087 | 6.312668 | 54.2309 | 7.42586 | 7.52 | 31.143 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Cerebellum_4.5.L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 54.04858 | 6.493161 | 59.25004 | 7.729147 | 9.18 | 51.126 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Cerebellum_4.5.R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 54.91854 | 6.665596 | 59.68096 | 7.968101 | 8.31 | 40.546 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Cerebellum_6.L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 60.04651 | 7.152467 | 66.7948 | 8.564999 | 10.64 | 70.615 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Cerebellum_6.R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 58.92376 | 7.055112 | 65.12337 | 8.136715 | 10.00 | 62.916 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Cerebellum_7b.L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 38.82732 | 6.038662 | 38.04399 | 6.264931 | 2.04 | 1.468 | 0.226 |
| T_Concentration_Cerebellum_7b.R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 31.259 | 5.888659 | 30.38275 | 5.90315 | 2.84 | 1.972 | 0.161 |
| T_Concentration_Cerebellum_8.L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 43.54307 | 6.213404 | 42.90355 | 6.564744 | 1.48 | 0.914 | 0.340 |
| T_Concentration_Cerebellum_8.R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 39.61891 | 5.763113 | 39.06905 | 6.441926 | 1.40 | 0.758 | 0.385 |
| T_Concentration_Cerebellum_9.L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 48.75722 | 6.770851 | 49.94111 | 7.163024 | 2.40 | 2.636 | 0.105 |
| T_Concentration_Cerebellum_9.R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 48.53009 | 6.183259 | 50.00876 | 7.24501 | 3.00 | 4.608 | 0.032 |
| T_Concentration_Cerebellum_Crus1.L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 50.91591 | 5.466004 | 51.25573 | 6.569578 | 0.67 | 0.306 | 0.581 |
| T_Concentration_Cerebellum_Crus1.R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 45.02667 | 4.945521 | 44.81574 | 6.03896 | 0.47 | 0.142 | 0.706 |
| T_Concentration_Cerebellum_Crus2.L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 38.6567 | 6.513492 | 36.95853 | 6.456303 | 4.49 | 6.091 | 0.014 |
| T_Concentration_Cerebellum_Crus2.R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 33.61696 | 5.484488 | 32.38603 | 5.456092 | 3.73 | 4.505 | 0.034 |
| T_Concentration_Cingulum_Ant.L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 54.61279 | 7.480441 | 61.61023 | 8.426164 | 12.04 | 72.455 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Cingulum_Ant.R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 50.70728 | 6.716667 | 57.0121 | 7.945359 | 11.71 | 70.518 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Cingulum_Mid.L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 55.95633 | 6.866907 | 62.13533 | 7.472068 | 10.46 | 68.587 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Cingulum_Mid.R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 53.76494 | 6.582585 | 59.66768 | 7.638106 | 10.41 | 65.239 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Cingulum_Post.L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 53.73966 | 7.132838 | 60.93425 | 8.683016 | 12.55 | 79.735 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Cingulum_Post.R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 48.87368 | 6.863749 | 56.31338 | 8.589411 | 14.15 | 90.171 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Cuneus.L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 49.31659 | 5.519945 | 51.32776 | 5.935356 | 4.00 | 11.331 | 0.001 |
| T_Concentration_Cuneus.R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 49.42461 | 5.503128 | 51.81028 | 5.897862 | 4.71 | 16.074 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Frontal_Inf_Oper.L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 52.07736 | 6.090077 | 56.02483 | 6.441209 | 7.30 | 36.233 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Frontal_Inf_Oper.R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 50.43051 | 5.370895 | 53.58128 | 5.849762 | 6.06 | 29.134 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Frontal_Inf_Orb.L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 49.29301 | 5.200363 | 50.54536 | 5.266943 | 2.51 | 5.133 | 0.024 |
| T_Concentration_Frontal_Inf_Orb.R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 46.18596 | 4.829639 | 46.92857 | 5.069637 | 1.60 | 2.048 | 0.153 |
| T_Concentration_Frontal_Inf_Tri.L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 50.9744 | 5.52462 | 54.26101 | 5.721335 | 6.25 | 30.915 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Frontal_Inf_Tri.R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 47.05297 | 4.625374 | 49.03514 | 5.011356 | 4.13 | 15.6 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Frontal_Mid.L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 48.09328 | 5.119408 | 49.54621 | 5.098141 | 2.98 | 7.199 | 0.008 |

| | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|-------|--------|-------|
| T_Concentration_Frontal_Mid_Orb_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 55.291 | 6.319451 | 58.07803 | 6.037572 | 4.92 | 17.786 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Frontal_Mid_Orb_L_9 Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 47.17735 | 5.537399 | 47.11361 | 6.194235 | 0.14 | 0.011 | 0.916 |
| T_Concentration_Frontal_Mid_Orb_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 52.86368 | 6.16467 | 57.519 | 5.964747 | 8.43 | 51.791 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Frontal_Mid_Orb_R_10 Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 44.28936 | 5.959141 | 43.08147 | 6.635738 | 2.76 | 3.428 | 0.065 |
| T_Concentration_Frontal_Mid_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 46.24978 | 4.838516 | 47.45694 | 5.155705 | 2.58 | 5.343 | 0.021 |
| T_Concentration_Frontal_Sup_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 44.35378 | 4.883447 | 45.23578 | 4.640308 | 1.97 | 2.991 | 0.084 |
| T_Concentration_Frontal_Sup_Medial_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 48.81763 | 5.543101 | 49.9262 | 5.407328 | 2.25 | 3.616 | 0.058 |
| T_Concentration_Frontal_Sup_Medial_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 46.8719 | 5.217933 | 47.8633 | 5.123166 | 2.09 | 3.252 | 0.072 |
| T_Concentration_Frontal_Sup_Orb_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 48.55344 | 5.465877 | 50.14023 | 5.818615 | 3.22 | 7.239 | 0.007 |
| T_Concentration_Frontal_Sup_Orb_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 46.80076 | 5.325058 | 47.83688 | 5.987774 | 2.19 | 3.139 | 0.077 |
| T_Concentration_Frontal_Sup_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 43.98066 | 4.752287 | 45.05208 | 4.926301 | 2.41 | 4.438 | 0.036 |
| T_Concentration_Fusiform_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 51.13808 | 5.479952 | 54.77483 | 6.294312 | 6.87 | 35.987 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Fusiform_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 50.1023 | 5.599745 | 53.68723 | 6.19336 | 6.91 | 34.352 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Heschl_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 56.55361 | 7.099184 | 61.62213 | 7.714865 | 8.58 | 43.215 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Heschl_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 57.03432 | 7.359633 | 63.15284 | 7.797453 | 10.18 | 59.542 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Hippocampus_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 49.17531 | 5.823896 | 55.14161 | 7.140546 | 11.44 | 81.813 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Hippocampus_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 48.98878 | 6.032028 | 55.79564 | 7.379828 | 12.99 | 99.427 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Insula_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 55.7534 | 6.804083 | 61.43725 | 7.451596 | 9.70 | 58.867 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Insula_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 56.66812 | 7.00794 | 62.49023 | 7.309624 | 9.77 | 60.032 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Lingual_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 53.90882 | 5.761145 | 58.6477 | 6.574898 | 8.42 | 55.529 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Lingual_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 52.94538 | 5.737353 | 57.74837 | 6.64737 | 8.68 | 56.918 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Occipital_Inf_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 44.82963 | 5.08955 | 44.58648 | 6.480429 | 0.54 | 0.173 | 0.678 |
| T_Concentration_Occipital_Inf_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 38.40973 | 5.282145 | 36.16122 | 6.018205 | 6.03 | 14.888 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Occipital_Mid_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 45.31114 | 4.608277 | 46.40419 | 5.605376 | 2.38 | 4.412 | 0.036 |
| T_Concentration_Occipital_Mid_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 41.98987 | 4.890314 | 41.38021 | 5.31168 | 1.46 | 1.318 | 0.252 |
| T_Concentration_Occipital_Sup_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 43.32759 | 4.760811 | 44.09506 | 5.494847 | 1.76 | 2.116 | 0.146 |
| T_Concentration_Occipital_Sup_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 43.59775 | 4.881069 | 44.04904 | 5.275938 | 1.03 | 0.727 | 0.394 |
| T_Concentration_Olfactory_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 51.9173 | 6.357895 | 56.94531 | 7.390782 | 9.24 | 50.677 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Olfactory_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 52.80441 | 6.340789 | 58.16235 | 6.982335 | 9.66 | 60.018 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Pallidum_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 55.72579 | 7.678517 | 63.96213 | 9.262705 | 13.76 | 90.782 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Pallidum_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 58.96949 | 8.495464 | 67.40758 | 9.477561 | 13.35 | 82.218 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Paracentral_Lobule_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 40.10006 | 4.889488 | 43.66687 | 6.109192 | 8.52 | 40.892 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Paracentral_Lobule_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 42.15938 | 4.983037 | 45.84571 | 6.200859 | 8.38 | 42.185 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_ParaHippocampal_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 45.8693 | 5.004041 | 49.19638 | 5.566333 | 7.00 | 36.912 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_ParaHippocampal_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 48.72419 | 5.442696 | 53.55666 | 6.420877 | 9.45 | 63.215 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Parietal_Inf_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 48.04493 | 5.284269 | 50.03026 | 5.715794 | 4.05 | 12.003 | 0.001 |
| T_Concentration_Parietal_Inf_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 44.10484 | 5.371632 | 44.34829 | 5.680752 | 0.55 | 0.177 | 0.674 |
| T_Concentration_Parietal_Sup_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 38.79084 | 4.56272 | 39.19294 | 4.965724 | 1.03 | 0.658 | 0.418 |
| T_Concentration_Parietal_Sup_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 34.25501 | 4.232943 | 33.55245 | 4.761659 | 2.07 | 2.283 | 0.132 |
| T_Concentration_Postcentral_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 45.21702 | 4.785556 | 48.10216 | 5.375858 | 6.18 | 30.152 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Postcentral_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 42.02254 | 4.378001 | 43.63371 | 5.09147 | 3.76 | 10.971 | 0.001 |
| T_Concentration_Precentral_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 46.3021 | 4.796004 | 49.37936 | 5.556135 | 6.43 | 33.439 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Precentral_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 43.65604 | 4.408549 | 45.79641 | 5.04226 | 4.79 | 19.316 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Precuneus_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 47.60587 | 5.201194 | 51.6757 | 6.211321 | 8.20 | 48.667 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Precuneus_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 49.1711 | 5.618049 | 54.00761 | 6.550148 | 9.38 | 59.928 | 0.000 |

Table 1
(Continued)

| Brain region | Mean Perfusion in Marijuana | Standard Deviation in Marijuana | Mean Perfusion in Control | Standard Deviation in Control | % Difference | F-value | p-value |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|---------|---------|
| T_Concentration_Putamen_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 59.69849 | 7.550099 | 67.06395 | 8.757219 | 11.62 | 77.235 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Putamen_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 60.2217 | 7.79234 | 67.63776 | 8.399456 | 11.60 | 77.189 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Rectus_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 52.82645 | 6.263625 | 55.40957 | 6.598362 | 4.77 | 14.703 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Rectus_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 51.88476 | 6.071728 | 55.28853 | 6.559261 | 6.35 | 26.744 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Rolandic_Oper_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 54.19989 | 6.591981 | 59.65611 | 7.415117 | 9.58 | 56.781 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Rolandic_Oper_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 52.38221 | 5.91648 | 57.48823 | 6.836017 | 9.29 | 60.607 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Supp_Motor_Area_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 45.70649 | 5.233241 | 49.05838 | 6.599732 | 7.07 | 31.298 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Supp_Motor_Area_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 45.62076 | 5.289635 | 49.39773 | 6.411959 | 7.95 | 40.084 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_SupraMarginal_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 50.80645 | 5.587681 | 54.41037 | 6.516462 | 6.85 | 33.631 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_SupraMarginal_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 47.70499 | 5.14395 | 49.73397 | 6.043164 | 4.16 | 12.513 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Temporal_Inf_Ant_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 41.30516 | 6.179724 | 39.16987 | 7.28042 | 5.31 | 9.583 | 0.002 |
| T_Concentration_Temporal_Inf_Ant_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 36.61733 | 5.692009 | 34.94786 | 6.017634 | 4.67 | 7.421 | 0.007 |
| T_Concentration_Temporal_Inf_Mid_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 44.7564 | 5.24256 | 44.12887 | 6.005597 | 1.41 | 1.173 | 0.279 |
| T_Concentration_Temporal_Inf_Mid_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 40.97618 | 4.871399 | 40.63647 | 5.522756 | 0.83 | 0.401 | 0.527 |
| T_Concentration_Temporal_Inf_Post_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 46.78993 | 4.866223 | 46.63438 | 5.602805 | 0.33 | 0.083 | 0.773 |
| T_Concentration_Temporal_Inf_Post_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 42.68486 | 4.80827 | 42.2856 | 5.496783 | 0.94 | 0.565 | 0.453 |
| T_Concentration_Temporal_Mid_Ant_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 49.80547 | 5.296784 | 53.20411 | 6.234757 | 6.60 | 33.067 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Temporal_Mid_Ant_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 46.52308 | 4.735196 | 48.54641 | 5.910537 | 4.26 | 14.041 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Temporal_Mid_Mid_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 50.87185 | 5.386462 | 54.56373 | 6.512517 | 7.00 | 37.004 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Temporal_Mid_Mid_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 48.50412 | 4.981549 | 51.55393 | 5.927962 | 6.10 | 29.869 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Temporal_Mid_Post_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 50.62314 | 5.233584 | 54.27736 | 6.182103 | 6.97 | 39.057 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Temporal_Mid_Post_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 47.4793 | 5.08385 | 49.20977 | 5.511857 | 3.58 | 9.838 | 0.002 |
| T_Concentration_Temporal_Pole_Mid_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 38.83897 | 5.29551 | 37.4947 | 6.041719 | 3.52 | 5.29 | 0.022 |
| T_Concentration_Temporal_Pole_Mid_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 37.21195 | 5.003259 | 36.16489 | 5.787386 | 2.85 | 3.561 | 0.060 |
| T_Concentration_Temporal_Pole_Sup_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 45.78811 | 4.748887 | 48.54483 | 5.620347 | 5.84 | 26.96 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Temporal_Pole_Sup_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 42.74936 | 4.324909 | 45.51549 | 5.085355 | 6.27 | 32.879 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Temporal_Sup_Ant_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 52.61724 | 6.202435 | 57.88399 | 7.485392 | 9.53 | 56.873 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Temporal_Sup_Ant_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 49.14629 | 5.181445 | 54.02296 | 6.680107 | 9.45 | 66.417 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Temporal_Sup_Mid_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 54.41598 | 6.355222 | 59.9346 | 7.422592 | 9.65 | 60.898 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Temporal_Sup_Mid_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 51.69801 | 5.536063 | 56.82909 | 6.9193 | 9.46 | 65.995 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Temporal_Sup_Post_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 52.74995 | 5.993976 | 57.75666 | 7.092064 | 9.06 | 55.83 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Temporal_Sup_Post_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 50.40924 | 5.441043 | 54.20897 | 6.260213 | 7.26 | 39.802 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Thalamus_L Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 57.04013 | 7.280588 | 63.8685 | 8.245438 | 11.30 | 72.571 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Thalamus_R Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 55.67416 | 7.094491 | 62.73679 | 7.893742 | 11.93 | 82.737 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Vermis_1_2 Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 51.45749 | 7.17461 | 56.12413 | 7.288862 | 8.68 | 32.507 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Vermis_10 Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 56.03549 | 8.919071 | 65.55753 | 10.498396 | 15.66 | 90.967 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Vermis_3 Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 52.56592 | 7.500432 | 58.61169 | 8.465327 | 10.88 | 53.728 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Vermis_4_5 Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 57.48862 | 7.580116 | 63.95649 | 8.935264 | 10.65 | 58.415 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Vermis_6 Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 59.68063 | 7.170711 | 64.93489 | 7.467759 | 8.43 | 46.743 | 0.000 |
| T_Concentration_Vermis_7 Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 55.99778 | 7.79746 | 58.13288 | 8.323427 | 3.74 | 6.429 | 0.012 |
| T_Concentration_Vermis_8 Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 55.36944 | 7.548706 | 57.6116 | 9.10618 | 3.97 | 6.961 | 0.009 |
| T_Concentration_Vermis_9 Normalized (ROI) AAL Atlas | 61.84872 | 7.769693 | 67.75096 | 8.740072 | 9.11 | 47.826 | 0.000 |

Table 2

Top 10 predictive regions from brain SPECT distinguishing marijuana users from healthy controls

| mRMR Features |
|---|
| R Hippocampus on Concentration SPECT |
| Left anterior inferior temporal cortex Baseline SPECT |
| Right inferior occipital cortex Concentration SPECT |
| Right Paracentral Lobule Baseline SPECT |
| Left Cerebellum Subregion 10 Concentration SPECT |
| Left Cerebellum Subregion 7B Concentration SPECT |
| Left Anterior mid temporal cortex Concentration SPECT |
| Left Pallidum Subregion 10 Baseline SPECT |
| Right Cerebellum Subregion 10 Concentration SPECT |
| Right Posterior Cingulate Gyrus Concentration SPECT |

frontal lobes, inferior parietal cortex, and fusiform gyrus at baseline [38]. This same study also showed impaired response to methamphetamine stimulant challenge in female cannabis users in the cerebellum, medial frontal gyrus, pons, hippocampus, thalamus, and midbrain. A perfusion MRI study with arterial spin labeling also showed temporal lobe hypoperfusion in 23 adolescent marijuana users compared to 23 age-matched controls [39]. These perfusion differences persisted after four weeks of abstinence suggesting that the effects of marijuana on brain hypoperfusion may be long term.

A trimmed means approach was used to estimate cerebral perfusion from the brain SPECT scans of our study participants. The main advantage of this method is in its robustness, lowering partial volume effects while protecting against outliers [40, 41]. In

excluding such information, the resulting dataset may not as closely resemble the original data but this issue is less likely in larger datasets such as in our sample.

There are several implications for this work. First, marijuana users have lower cerebral perfusion than non-users. Second, the most predictive region separating these two groups is hippocampal hypoperfusion on concentration SPECT imaging. This work suggests that marijuana use has potentially deleterious influences in the brain—particularly regions important in memory and learning and known to be affected by AD. The main advantage of our study is the large sample size, application of different algorithms to confirm consistency of results, and subgroup analysis to account for co-morbidities. The main disadvantage of our study is its cross sectional design. An additional caveat to consider is that brain atrophy from marijuana use could be driving the hippocampal hypoperfusion results given its vulnerability to atrophy [42]. Future work combining structural and functional imaging may better elucidate this relationship.

However, such results may give pause to the continued promotion of a substance that may be harmful to users, especially if used for the intention of therapeutic purposes. Longitudinal studies are required at the pre-teen, high school, and college level to better characterize the time course of such alterations. Based upon the results of our study, doubts remain as to the application of marijuana in treatment of AD, as some have suggested [4].

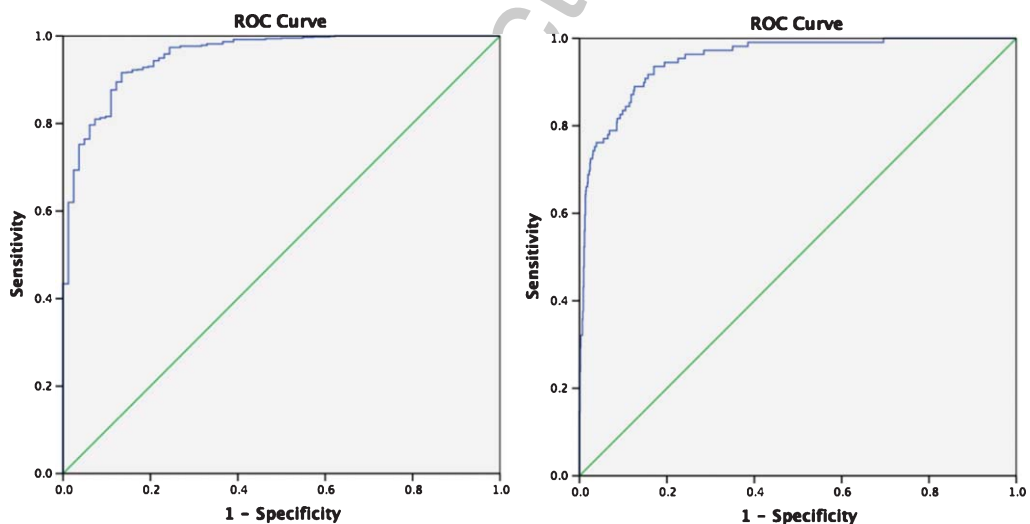


Fig. 1. Receiver operating characteristic (ROC) results of perfusion regions of interest in separating marijuana users from controls. (A) ROC Curve of Baseline Perfusion ROIs in Separating Marijuana Users From Controls. (B) ROC Curve of Concentration Perfusion ROIs in Separating Marijuana Users From Controls.

DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

Authors' disclosures available online (<http://j-alz.com/manuscript-disclosures/160833>).

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